



Via della Camilluccia, 589/C – 00135 Rome (Italy)
Tel. +39-06-36.30.15.01 – Fax +39-06-32.97.330 – Email aicprogetti@aicprogetti.it



Beograd, Bulevar kralja Aleksandra 282 tel: +381 11 30 40 700 fax: +381 11 30 40 699

ROAD REHABILITATION AND SAFETY PROJECT (RRSP)

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Heavy maintenance (road rehabilitation-upgrading) of the State Road of the IB Category No. 27

Section: Markovac - Svilajnac

PRE-FINAL

Novi Sad, February 2018.

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS	3
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	6
Project description	
Policy, legal and administrative framework	
Baseline conditions assessed during route survey	9
Summary of environmental impacts	13
Environmental management plan	13
Public consultation	14
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	15
Location description	15
Rehabilitation works description	19
POLICY, LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE FRAMEWORK	21
Relevant institutions	21
Existing Serbian legislation	21
EIA procedure in the Republic of Serbia	21
Relevant International Financing Institutions policies and statements	21
BASELINE CONDITIONS ASSESSED DURING ROUTE SURVEY	22
Natural resources and cultural heritage	22
Settlements	22
Watercourses	22
Air pollution	23
Noise	23
SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS	24
Air and noise pollution within the residential areas	25
Potential Water Contamination	
Potential Cumulative impacts	26
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN	27
A. MITIGATION PLAN	27
Contractor Management	27
Design Phase	
Site Organization Plan	
Rehabilitation Phase Mobilisation – Contractor EMP	30
Rehabilitation works	
Environmental Management during Rehabilitation works	32
Safety	
Operational Phase	
B. MONITORING PLAN	
C. INSTITUTIONAL IMPLEMENTATION AND REPORTING ARRANGEMENTS	
Project Implementation	
Reporting Arrangements	

APPENDICES

- I. **EMP - MITIGATION PLAN**
- II. **EMP - MONITORING PLAN**
- III. RELEVANT SERBIAN LEGISLATION
- IV. **GRIVENCE MECHANISM**
- **DECISIONS OF COMPETENT INSTITUTIONS** ٧.

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AADT Annual Average Daily Traffic

BD **Bidding Documents**

BoQ Bill of Quantitites

CEP Contractor's Environmental Plan

EBRD European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

EHS Environmental, Health and Safety guidelines

ΕIΑ **Environmental Impact Assessment**

EIB European Investment Bank

EMP Environmental Management Plan

HSE Health, Safety and Environment

IFC International Finance Corporation

IFIs International Financing Institutions

INP Institute for Nature Protection of the Republic of Serbia

IPCM Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments of the Republic of Serbia

MEP Ministry of Environmental Protection

MoT Ministry of Transport (fmr. Ministry of Infrastructure and Energy – MolE)

MS Method Statement

PERS Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia"

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

PSC **Project Supervision Consultant**

RE Resident Engineer

RRSP Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project

SE Site Engineer

SLMP Safety Labour Management Plan

Site Specific Implementation Plan SSIP

ToR Terms of Reference

WB The World Bank Group

WMP Waste Management Plan

PAP Project affected persons

SEP Stakeholder Engagement Plan

NTS Non Technical Summary

INTTRODUCTION

The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has been prepared for the proposed heavy maintenance and rehabilitation (road rehabilitation-upgrading) of the State Road of the IB Category, No. 27, section Markovac - Svilajnac to ensure the application of good environmental practice and document compliance with the requirements of the contract.

The total length of the section Markovac 1 (motorway) – Svilajnac 1 (Kusiljevo) is 6.530

The subject section belongs to the Pomoravlje Administrative District located in the central part of the Republic of Serbia. The section Markovac - Svilajnac belongs to the State road of IB category no. 27.

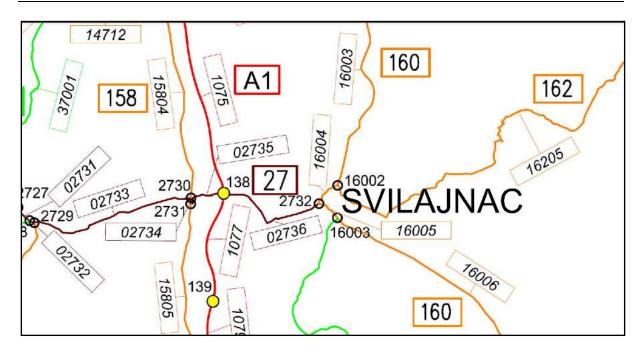
The beginning of the section is defined after the node 138 interchange Markovac observed in chainage increase direction (approximate chainage km 189+753). The end of the section road IB-27 foreseen for intervention is located 80 m before the node 2732 Svilajnac, i.e road stretch in level observed in the same direction, app. chainage km 195+961.

The Republic of Serbia has applied for a loan from the World Bank, European Investment Bank and European Bank for Reconstruction and Development for financing of the costs of Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project and intends to apply a part of loan proceeds for heavy maintenance on state road IB no. 27 Markovac -Svilajnac.

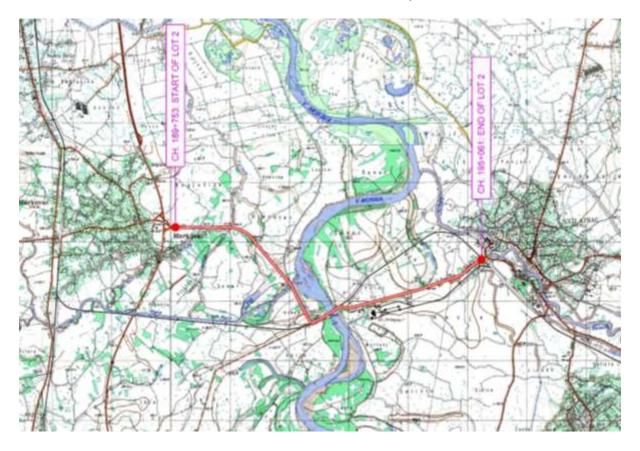
The Project has been classified as Environmental Category B. i.e. a project requiring an EMP pursuant to IFIs Safeguard Policies.

The EMP is analysing the rehabilitation and implementation phase of the project. EMP defines measures and Contractor's obligation during rehabilitation phase that have to be implemented in order to protect environment.

The aim of the environmental management plan is to highlight the negative environmental impacts and management problems during the construction period, as well as the necessary mitigation measures that the Contractor must apply. The key components of the Environmental Management Plan are: Plan for the mitigation of adverse impacts on the environment and Plan for monitoring the impact on the environment. They are prepared based on field investigations and contract requirements.



Picture 1. Location of Markovac-Svilajnac section



Picture 2. Location of Markovac-Svilajnac section.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Project description

Project of heavy maintenance and rehabilitation of state road IB Category, No. 27 section Markovac – Svilajnac is part of the support project of the International financial Institutions (World Bank, European Investment Bank and European Bank for Reconstruction and Development) to the government of the Republic of Serbia for the Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project (RRSP). This project represents the first phase of the Government's National Road Rehabilitation Program and spans from 2014-2019:

- Improvement of the national road network through rehabilitation of about 1.100 km of existing road network spread over the entire country
- Increasing the safety level on designated roads by applying safety measures in all project phases
- Capacity building and coordination of traffic safety institutions through implementation of a number of different services

The section of said road, Markovac – Svilajnac, is located on the road from the state border with Bosnia and Herzegovina (border crossing Trbušnica) - Loznica - Osečina - Valjevo - Lajkovac - Ćelije - Lazarevac - Aranđelovac - Krčevac - Topola - Rača -Svilajnac. The subject sections connects the motorway E-75 with the Municipality of Svilajnac.

Functionally, according to General regulations for parcellation, regulation and construction ("Official Gazette RS" No. 50/2011) this section is classified as a regional road.

According to the Law on public roads of the Republic of Serbia, majority of the section is defined as a road outside of a settled area, and the smaller section which passes through the suburbs of Svilajnac, is classified as a road inside of a settled area.

The road works covered by the Project will be carried out on the existing road with no change of the dimensions of the existing road, and as such no expropriation is necessary. The project entails no resettlement and land acquisition as defined by OP 4.12, nor long lasting disruptions to the natural environment, settlements and to the quality of life of the local population.

Total length of the section, according to Road Database, is 6.530 km.

According to the implementation plan, the main objectives of the project are to increase the usage value and durability of the road, improve traffic safety, consider requirements of the local community (social aspect) and comply with the environmental requirements to the maximum extent possible in the circumstances of physical constraints and limitations arising from the nature of the permitted construction and traffic interventions.



Picture 3 - Typical landscape of the section



Picture 4. Typical segment along the section

Special attention should be given to the sections passing through urban areas, close to schools, kindergartens, intersections and public buildings. On these locations it is necessary to construct or rehabilitate existing footpaths and improve traffic safety.

Policy, legal and administrative framework

The Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP), is the key institution in the Republic of Serbia responsible for formulation and implementation of environmental policy matters.

In the Republic of Serbia, the Environmental Impact Assessment procedure is regulated by the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/04, 36/09), which is completely in line with European EIA Directive -85/337/EEC. The Environmental Impact Assessment is not required when road rehabilitation and maintenance of regional or main roads is planned.

Based on the decision issued by the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia, state road IB category No. 27 section Markovac-Svilajnac is not located within a protected area for which the process of protection is impelemented or initiated (Appendix 5 -Annex 2).

Under the terms issued by the provincial Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments "Kragujevac" there are no cultural monuments of high importance for RS. (Appendix 5 - Annex 1).

Under the terms issued by the national Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments of Serbia there are no cultural monuments of high importance for RS. (Appendix 5 -Annex 3).

Works on road rehabilitation are permitted under conditions mentioned in the two above mentioned documents. Conditions issued by both the national and the provincial Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments, mainly address the excavation works, and necessary actions to be taken if new archaeological sites are discovered. The Conditions are attached to this document, Appendix 5 - Annex 1.

Request for opinion regarding the necessity of EIA procedures for this project was submitted to the Ministry of Environmental Protection. According to the received response ref. No. 011-00-0102/2017-02 dated 03.08.2017 (attached to this documents, Appendix 5 - Annex 4), EIA procedures are not required.

Lender requirements will also apply to this project and include the following **Environmental Policies**

- Operational Policy OP 4.01 Environmental Assessment;
- EBRD Environmental and Social Policy 2008
- EIB Statement of Environmental and Social Principles and Standards (2008).

The World Bank, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and European Investment Bank (EIB) will require that the project complies with the national laws of Republic of Serbia and EU standards. List of main laws and regulations currently in force in Republic of Serbia is attached in Appendix III.

Baseline conditions assessed during route survey

The section of state road of IB category No. 27 connects Svilajnac and Highway E75. Length of the section to be rehabilitated is 6.530 km.

Bridges

Design documentation for reconstruction and rehabilitation of two existing bridges was done according to the Terms of Reference and condition survey done on the site.

No.	Name	Location	Section
1.	Bridge over Rača River	km 191+850.0	Markovac - Svilajnac
2.	Bridge in Svilajnac	km 195+038.0	Markovac - Svilajnac



Picture 5. Bridge over Rača River

The existing width of pavement is to be increased by 50 cm, and pavement profile itself will be expanded on both sides, symmetrically. It is planned to add a new layer of reinforced concrete slabs and this results in a need to lift existing alignment level. Due to damages to the road surface, pedestrian sidewalks and bridge equipment, replacement of all elements of road profile is planned. The project envisages replacement of waterproofing on the entire length of the overpass. At the crossing from the overpass to the embankment, installation of new asphalt dilatation joints is planned. Traffic safety project comprises that vehicle retention system consists of guardrails and curbs 7 cm high.



Picture 6. Bridge in Svilajnac



Picture 7. Bridge in Svilajnac

The crosses a dry obstacle. Due to the low height of the bridge detailed inspection is not possible.

Culverts

On the section belonging to the IB 27 road from Markovac to Svilajnac there are two concrete box culverts.

Culvert no.	Chainage	Opening	Length	Width
1	190+400	4.2m	9.6m	1.0+6.05+1.0m
2	190+800	4.1m	9.1m	1.0+6.2+1.0m



Picture 8.Culvert no. 1 km 190+400.00

According to the ToR on location for subject structure, taking into account conditions of the traffic profile, width of the roadway of 6.5m will be realised. According to the previous experience, width of the foothpaths from 1.2 up to 1.4m is expected on both sides of the culvert, which gives a total width of the culvert from 8.9 up to 9.3m. Current width of culvert is arround 8.0m, and as a result the expansion of the structure will be needed.



Picture 9. Culvert no.1 on km 190+800.00

According to the Terms of Reference on location for subject structure, taking into account conditions of the traffic profile, width of the roadway of 6.5m will be realised. According to the previous experience width of the foothpaths ranges from 1.2 up to 1.4m, and is expected on both sides of the culvert, which gives a total width of the culvert from 8.9 up to 9.3m. Current width of the culvert is around 8.0m, and as a result the expansion of the structure will be needed.

The route crosses the following watercourses:

- Old Rača km 190+400.00,
- Rača River km 191+850.00,
- Great Morava km 193+000.

There will be no land acquisition as defined by OP 4.12 during the project implementation.

Within the corridor of road section Markovac - Svilajnac there are no significant sources of noise or air pollution.



Picture 10. Thermal power plant "Morava", Svilajnac

Thermal power plant "Morava", Svilajnac is located on the right bank of Velika Morava, 2,8 km from Svilajnac at km 193+840.00.

After the installation of new electro filters, the concentration of powdered materials in the flue gas was reduced 16 times and is now within the limits of European standards.

Current traffic load (AADT) on section Markovac Svilainac is 4193 vehicles/day. There will be no land acquisition as defined by OP 4.12 during the project implementation.

Summary of environmental impacts

Road rehabilitation works on proposed sections will have only minor impacts on the environment (environment category B). Most impacts are temporary and they will disappear after the road rehabilitation works are completed.

The possible temporary impacts as a consequence of construction activities will consist of, among others, disruption of current traffic circulation, roadway safety, damage to access roads, dust nuisance, gaseous emissions, potential pollution of soils and water resources, brief disturbance to biota, and momentary interference to neighboring settlements through various construction activities. The contractor's base and workers camp can be potential sources of temporary adverse impacts.

No relocation and resettlement issues as defined by OP 4.12 are anticipated. Local residents will be affected with minor air and noise pollution during rehabilitation works on proposed road section.

In respect to future use of the rehabilitated road section – this section belongs to the interregional roads network, on which a significant increase of road traffic as a result of rehabilitation works is not expected.

Various cases of water contamination can occur during the rehabilitation of the road and future operation. Adequate mitigation measures (waste water collection from the road surface and bridges, installation of oil separators before discharging waste water) and monitoring activities are planned, in accordance with the Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", 30/2010, 93/2012 i 101/2016). As for the potential pollution during operation, these are limited to accidents only. In such a case, procedures for action in incidental situations, as defined by the Ministry of Interior and in the Law on water, will apply.

In respect to impact of the potential increase of the vehicle speed on rehabilitated roads, this issue will be addressed through the project's road safety component, which will include implementation of the active and passive measures to control the vehicle speed on rehabilitated road sections.

The proper implementation of the EMP measures, as listed in Appendix I would offset or minimize any impact on local human and biotic environment that might be related with any long-term cumulative negative effects.

Environmental management plan

Possible environmental impacts will be *mitigated during the design/pre-rehabilitation*, rehabilitation, and operation Phases, are summarized and shown in Appendix I.

The rehabilitation impacts will be minor, reversible and manageable if the mitigation measures, as given in the EMP, are properly implemented.

EMP has 2 main parts:

- Mitigation Plan (Appendix I),
- Monitoring Plan (Appendix II)

with Institutional arrangements and reporting procedures (Appendix IV). During the rehabilitation, the Contractor will work according to the Contractors Environmental Plan (CEP) which is based on the EMP.

The findings and proposed mitigation measures have been compiled into an Environmental Mitigation Plan (Appendix I). It summarizes all the anticipated environmental impacts and its associated mitigation measures during the design, rehabilitation and operational phases. It makes reference to the laws and contract documents, approximate location, timeframe, and the responsibility for its implementation and supervision.

A monitoring plan for the proposed Project (Appendix II) has been prepared as well. The main components of the monitoring plan are the following:

- 1. Environmental issues to be monitored and the means of verification,
- 2. Specific areas, locations and parameters to be monitored;
- 3. Applicable standards and criteria;
- 4. Duration and frequency;
- 5. Institutional responsibilities for monitoring and supervision.

Public consultation

As required by the WB Safeguards Policies, public consultations will be organized during the preparation of EMP and before the works start. The EMP and other project information will be disclosed to the Public and available locally to the communities. All documents will be, delivered to the Municipalities, made publicly available on site, placed on PERS's web site and announced in the newspapers.

The public will be informed through local media about the time and place of public consultations.

Detailed Report on Public Consultation process will be presented within the Appendix V of this EMP document.

Beneficiary consultations will be conducted during the construction phase, and records of environmental and social issues raised and complaints received during consultations, field visits, informal discussions, formal letters, etc. will be followed up and the records will be kept by the Contractor.

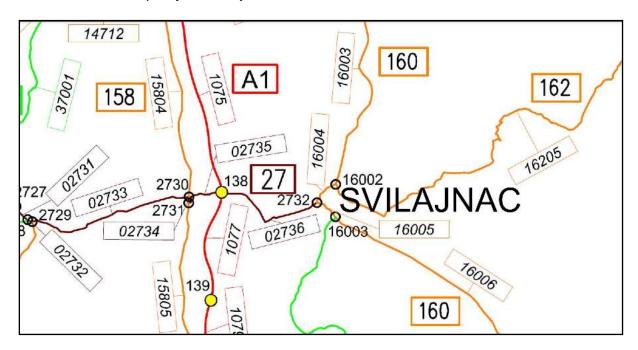
A Grievance Mechanism will be implemented to ensure that all complaints from local communities are dealt with appropriately, with corrective actions being taken and the complainant being informed of the outcome. It will be applied to all complaints from affected parties. A grievance form is attached in Appendix IV and hard copies will be made available at community centers.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

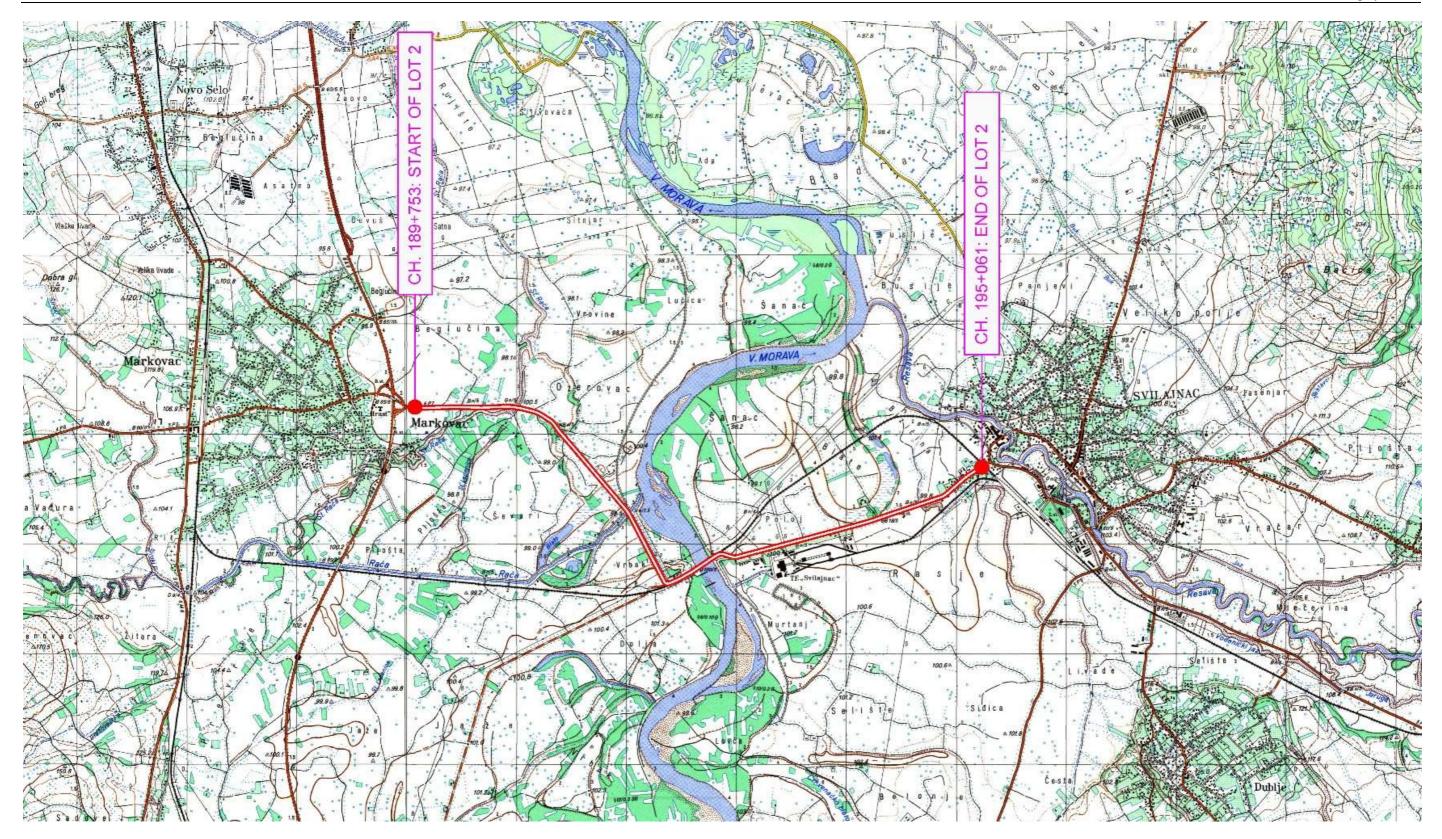
Location description

The subject section belongs to the Pomoravlje Administrative District located in the central part of the Republic of Serbia. The interchange section Markovac - Svilajnac in length of 6.530 km belongs to the State road of IB category no. 27 (old road mark M-4) ("Official Gazette of RS", No. 93/2015).

It represents a link between the border crossing Trbusnica (State border with the Federation of BiH) with eastern Serbia. The subject section connects the motorway E-75 with the Municipality of Svilajnac.



Picture 11. Location of the road section Markovac – Svilajnac



Picture 12. Project area and location of road section Markovac - Svilajnac

The area is flat, with an altitude of 99m. The section is typically rural and runs through agricultural land. After crossing the bridge over Great Morava, the route passes near thermal power plant "NIKOLA TESLA" and through the suburbs of the city of Svilajnac.

Planned construction works

Planned construction works on the section include strengthening existing road structure, reconstruction of the existing road waste water collection system, collection and drainage of surface water and design of all components that will improve traffic safety conditions.

The width of existing asphalt pavement with marginal strips ranges from 6 to 6.2 m.

There are three bridges along the route:

- 1. Bridge over Rača River;
- 2. Bridge over Great Morava River;
- Bridge in Svilajnac.

Bridge over Great Morava is excluded from the Contract.

Intervention on the Bridge over Rača River:

- Incorporation of full-width dilatation joints including pedestrian roads;
- Construction of waterproofing on the bridge;
- Drainage of water from a roadway through the slope;
- · Replacing the bridge guard rail;
- Repair of pins;
- Anti-corrosion protection of existing pedestrian fences;
- Replacing damaged or installing new curbs;
- · Making crossing curbs / concrete slabs and fitting the shoulder of the road with pedestrian roads on the bridge;
- Technical solution of the drainage system;
- Conditions and solution for installations;
- Possible rehabilitation work on the bridge structure;
- Rehabilitation and protection of concrete surfaces with appropriate coatings.



Picture 14. Bridge over Rača River

Intervention on the Bridge in Svilajnac:

- Dilatation and waterproofing;
- Replacement of the sidewalk fences;
- Instalment of a temporary protective fence,
- Repair of the cracks and damages to the outermost bridge columns;
- New waterproofing:
- Protective coating of the concrete surfaces;
- Closed drainage system.



Picture 15. Bridge in Svilajnac

Planned works include widening of the road up to 6,5m out of urban areas and 6,0m in the settlements, milling of the existing asphalt layer, construction or replacement of waterproofing, construction of asphalt layers, demolition and reconstruction of the curbs, repair or replacement of the bearing paths, repair or replacement of the expansion devices, repair of the protective layers, bridge drainage, repair of fences and guardrails.

For bridge reconstruction no works in water are planned. Comprehensive upgrade of bridges will be performed, based on case-by-case situation.

Since road is passing through the suburbs of the city of Svilajnac where there are no sidewalks, construction of sidewalks is planned.

The works will be done within the road land. The project entails no land acquisition.

Connections with local roads will be constructed. Vehicle mud removal facilities, clearing intersections to achieve better visibility and improvement of intersection geometry will be done. Where possible, marking lines for right turn will be added.

Drainage of the road, in the registered watercourse areas, will be done by placing shallow concrete channels in the bottom of embankment. Water from the road and bridges will be collected into channels and taken to waste water treatment systems (oil and fat separators shall be placed close to the recipient).

Bicycle-hiking trails from the bridge on Great Morava to the crossing at the NIS petrol station in Svilainac.

Rehabilitation works description

According to the design, widening of the road is planned, resolving the problems concerning frequent intersections and connections, construction of satisfactory approaches on to the state road, solving problems of pedestrian's movement and improving traffic safety.

The road works covered by the Project will be carried on the existing road with no change of the alignments. The improvement of the road geometry shall be done, if necessary, with the goal of traffic safety in mind. The project therefore entails no resettlement and land acquisition as defined by OP 4.01, nor long lasting disruptions to the natural environment and human settlements and activities.

The major planned construction works include improvement and widening of the existing road construction with corresponding elements on transversal profile within existing road alignment, reconstruction and remediation of existing drainage system. construction of elements in order to prolong the durability of the construction and improvement of traffic safety.

New intersections will be designed too. Except new solutions for intersections, pedestrian and bicycle paths and bus stops in the settlements will be designed, according to requirements of the locals and conditions on site.

Due to widening of the road, extension of existing (undamaged) or construction of new culverts is designed.

Reconstruction and extension of existing drainage systems (construction of ditches and open channels) will be done in line with Main Design.

On the locations where the road passes over watercourses, separators shall be placed. They will treat water collected from road and bridges before they are discharged into the recipient.

Drainage system in the settlement and intersections will be constructed as closed system, if there is not enough space for construction of road ditches.

In line with ToR and according to the situation on site, reconstruction and rehabilitation works on bridges are contained in the Main Design. This includes widening of the road, rehabilitation of the damaged bridge surfaces, replacement of dilatations, installation of hydro isolation, construction of sidewalks, new curbs and replacement of all construction elements that are identified as damaged, installation of fences and guardrails. Size of the road and sidewalks along the bridges (profile of the bridge) will be adjusted to the road profile. There are no envisaged works that can affect the water and its quality.

Hydraulic characteristics of elements for drainage along the road will be checked and corrected with the goal of improving efficiency and control of rainwater collection system.

POLICY, LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE FRAMEWORK

Relevant institutions

Ministry in charge of environmental protection (The Ministry of Environmental Protection-MEP) is the key institution in Republic of Serbia responsible for formulation and implementation of environmental policy matters.

The other aspects of environmental management related to road rehabilitation projects are dealt with by several other institutions, among which are the Institute for Nature Protection of Serbia (INP) and the Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments of the Republic of Serbia (IPCM), and the Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia" (PERS).

Existing Serbian legislation

Environmental protection in Republic of Serbia is regulated by several national and municipal laws and by-laws. The environmental legislation in force in Serbia is summarized in Appendix III.

EIA procedure in the Republic of Serbia

In the juridical system of the Republic of Serbia, the Environmental Impact Assessment procedure is regulated by the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/04, 36/09), which is completely in line with European EIA Directive - 85/337/EEC. Therefore, Environmental Impact Assessment is not required for road rehabilitation projects unless the road is placed within or in the vicinity of natural/cultural protected areas. In that case Project proponent is obliged to submit Request for Decision-making on the necessity of preparation of the Environmental Impact Assessment to the MEP. Depending on the assessment of significance of potential environmental impacts of the project decision shall be made on whether it is necessary to implement full EIA procedure.

Based on the above criteria, EIA is not required for this project.

Relevant International Financing Institutions policies and statements

As the road rehabilitation will be funded by International Financing Institutions (IFIs) the following Lender requirements will need to be applied to any works:

- WB: Operational Policy OP 4.01 Environmental Assessment, which require partial EIA and development of site specific EMPs for projects belonging to Category B.;
- EBRD: Environmental and Social Policy 2008
- EIB: Statement of Environmental and Social Principles and Standards (2008).

GoS regulations do not require separate section-specific EMP to be undertaken for this type of investments (road rehabilitation), while the WB policy requires partial EIA assessment and preparation of site-specific EMP for each section.

BASELINE CONDITIONS ASSESSED DURING ROUTE **SURVEY**

The section Markovac 1 (motorway) – Svilajnac 1 (Kusiljevo) is in length of 6.530 km. The subject section belongs to the Pomoravlje Administrative District located in the central part of the Republic of Serbia. The section Markovac - Svilajnac belongs to the State road of IB category no. 27.

The beginning of the section is defined after the node 138 interchange Markovac observed in chainage increase direction (approximate chainage km 189+753). The end of the section road IB-27 foreseen for intervention is located 80 m before the node 2732 Svilajnac, i.e road stretches in level observed in the same direction, app. chainage km 195+961.

There will be no land acquisition as defined by OP 4.12 during the project implementation.

Natural resources and cultural heritage

Directly on the alignment of the State Road IB - 27, Markovac - Svilajnac, there are no protected natural or cultural resources, which could be compromised during the heavy maintenance.

There are three cultural properties of special importance for the Republic of Serbia:

Settlements

Section Markovac - Svilajnac goes through the suburb of Svilajnac

Watercourses

The section is intersected by following rivercourses: Old Rača, Rača River, and Great Morava River.

In accordance with ToR and on the basis of site visits, the design documentation for the rehabilitation of the following bridges will be made:

- Bridge over Rača River; 1.
- 2. Bridge in Svilajnac.

Air pollution

Within the corridor of road section Markovac - Svilajnac, there is a source of air pollution.

Thermal power plant "Morava", Svilajnac is located on the right bank of Great Morava, 2,8 km from Svilajnac at km 193+840.00.

After the installation of new electro filters, the concentration of powdered materials in the flue gas was reduced 16 times and is now within the limits of European standards.

Data on the measured values of air pollution in the observed corridor were not available.

Noise

Existing state road of the IB -27 on Markovac - Svilajnac road direction as linear source is not the only dominant noise source.

SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

The following table provides a summary of the Environmental Impacts that are predicted for the project

Impact	Significance	Comment
Impacts on land use/ settlements	low	There will be no land acquisition as defined by OP 4.12 during the project implementation.
Ground and surface water	low	Due to low amount of drainage water that can be drained the consequential impact is minimal to negligible
Air quality	low	Temporary impact
Flora and fauna (protected areas and species)	low	No specific issues
Noise	low	Temporary impact
Access/crossing points of the main road and local roads	low	The rehabilitation and widening works won't affect existing crossing points. No specific issues
Soil management	low	With application of waste management measures
Waste	low	waste and wastewater management will be prepared and implemented
Cumulative impacts etc.	Medium/ moderate	Temporary, rehabilitation works may cause a slight increase of noise levels and air pollutants concentrations only during the works

Road rehabilitation works on Markovac - Svilajnac section will have only minor impacts on the environment (environmental category B). Most of the impacts are of temporary character and they will disappear after the road rehabilitation works are completed.

The possible temporary impacts as consequence of the construction activities will consist of among others: disruption of current traffic circulation; roadway safety; damage to access roads; noise, waste and dust nuisance; and air emissions; potential impacts of soils and water resources; brief disturbance to biota, and momentary interference to neighbouring settlements through various construction and operation activities.

The Contractor's base and workers' camp can be potential sources of temporary adverse impacts, too.

Air and noise pollution within the residential areas

It is expected that local residents living along the road section will be affected with minor air and noise pollution during rehabilitation works. Local Air quality may experience some low and temporary deterioration due to dust from construction traffic and elevated levels of nitrogen oxide (NOx) and sulphur oxide (SOx) are the primary pollutants. The dust may settle on vegetation, crops, structures and buildings, and may cause some degree of impact.

Noise caused by the rehabilitation works will only be a temporary impact. Relatively small traffic load on proposed road and non-presence of significant amount of residential buildings placed close to the road leads to the conclusion that noise barriers will not be implemented within this project. Noise barriers should be constructed only if they are determined to be "reasonable" and "feasible" which is not the case in proposed road rehabilitation project.

Section Markovac - Svilajnac belongs to the state road network. On this section increase in road traffic due to road rehabilitation is not expected. Potentially increasing the speed limits of vehicles on the reconstructed section, shall be defined in the design part dealing with road safety. It will propose the use of active and passive measures for control of vehicle speed.

Potential Water Contamination

Cases of water contamination may occur during the rehabilitation of the project road. mainly spills and water from the equipment maintenance areas and sanitary wastewater effluent from the work camps.

As for the potential pollution during operation, these are limited to accidents only. In such a case, procedures for action in incidental situations, as defined by the Ministry of Interior and in the Law on water, will apply.

Fuel and lubricant spills can, in most instances, occur at the Contractor's work camp and motor pool while maintaining and washing equipment and work vehicles. The oily wash-water should be passed through an adequately sized, gravity oil separator prior to discharge.

Should spills occur in any part of the road, to mitigate the problem the Contractor should use absorbing materials, such as absorbent mats/fabrics, or sand and scrape off the contaminated soils and dispose them in an approved facility, in accordance with the Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", 30/10, 93/12, 101/2016).

Works over bridges will be done with special care in order to avoid water pollution. Prior to start of any activity, Method Statement for proposed works have to be submitted for approval to the Supervisor. Each Method Statement will have environmental protection section and proposed measures to be undertaken in order

to avoid incidents and accidents during construction works. Mitigation measures or monitoring activities related to possible river contamination are part of this EMP.

Potential Cumulative impacts

The works execution on the heavy maintenance of the state road IB-27, on the section Markovac - Svilajnac could have some cumulative impacts.

Possible cumulative negative impacts, as a result of construction activities, are temporary and consist of:

- obstruction of traffic.
- road safety,
- damages on the access roads,
- noise, dust, waste and air pollution,
- potential impacts on soil and water resources,
- short term impact on flora and fauna and surrounding settlements.

The construction out of site activities involving work in the guarry, guarries and asphalt bases, which, if not managed properly, can cause local adverse impacts. Temporary offices and ancillary facilities can be potential sources of short-term negative impacts.

However, they, due to their intensity, origin and duration are assessed to be of Category B.

EMP focuses more on the stage of works involving heavy maintenance, because it is going to become a part of Contractor's obligations. Activities related to the regular maintenance of the section will not be in focus of the Environmental Management Plan, but will only be presented in order to create an overall view.

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Possible environmental impacts will be mitigated during the design/pre-rehabilitation, rehabilitation, and operation phases, as summarized in the Environmental Management Plan.

A basic assessment of the proposed road reconstruction and rehabilitation project concluded that the rehabilitation impacts will be minor, reversible and manageable if the mitigation measures as given in the EMP are properly implemented.

The EMP (Appendix I and Appendix II) is based on the type, extent and duration of the identified environmental impacts. PERS (the Implementing entity) will guide the design and supervision engineers and contractors on the implementation of the EMP.

A. MITIGATION PLAN

The findings and proposed mitigation measures have been compiled into an Environmental Mitigation Plan (Appendix I). It summarizes all the anticipated environmental impacts and its associated mitigation measures during the design, rehabilitation and operational phases. It makes reference to the preconditions obtained from the relevant institution (Institute for the Nature Protection of Republic of Serbia and Belgrade Institute for Monument Protection, Water directorate), law and contract documents, approximate location, timeframe, and the responsibility for its implementation and supervision.

Contractor Management

The recommendations and proposed mitigation measures, as shown in Appendix I are Contractors obligations. Mitigation measures will be incorporated in the design and rehabilitation practices and as such their costs will be included in the rehabilitation cost.

The EMP is part of the work program and will be carried out by the Contractor's qualified and experienced staff who will be responsible for the environmental compliance requirements of the EMP. The Contractor and its sub-contractors will fully comply with Republic of Serbia national laws, EU standards and Lender requirements.

The contractor will use this document to cost his compliance with the EMP. It is the Contractor's obligation to include the cost of the implementation of environmental mitigation measures in his overall cost.

The Contractor will be required to provide a short statement that confirms that:

- the EMP conditions have been included into the bid price,
- the Contractor has a qualified and an experienced person on the Contractors team who will be responsible for the environmental compliance requirements of the EMP.
- The Contractor and its sub-contractors will comply with Republic of Serbia national laws, EU standards and Lender requirements.

Design Phase

In the Republic of Serbia, the Environmental Impact Assessment procedure is regulated by the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/04, 36/09). According to it, the Environmental Impact Assessment is not required for road rehabilitation projects if the route of the road is not within natural/cultural protected areas.

Since there are no protected natural or cultural areas which could be endangered by the road rehabilitation works on this road section, EIA is not required.

Mitigation measures are part of the design and rehabilitation practices and the costs will be included in the rehabilitation cost.

In addition to addressing the requirements of the Mitigation Plan the following additional activities will be carried out during the design phase in preparation for the implementation of the project:

The Site Organization Plan will be prepared as part of Detailed design. Design phase will take place just after the appraisal of the project. Site organization study incorporates environmental, health and safety protection measures that meet legal and Lender requirements (including the measures defined in the EMP and Safety Labour Management Plan).

As for the potential pollution during operation, these are limited to accidents only. In such a case, procedures for action in incidental situations, as defined by the Ministry of Interior and in the Law on water, will apply.

The plan will contain basic requirements related to:

- 1. Provision of materials needed for construction works;
- 2. Material transport;
- 3. Material placement;
- 4. Site organization;
- 5. Waste management;
- 6. The right-of-way arrangement (cleaning).

Technical specifications for work execution which address environmental, health and safety protection measures:

- 1. Preliminary works;
- 2. Rehabilitation works on the existing pavement;
- 3. Earth works;
- 4. Drainage;
- 5. Traffic signage systems.

Supervisor and PERS are responsible for checking that the EMP requirements are incorporated into the site organization.

Site Organization Plan

The plan of construction site organization is the responsibility of the Contractor. He is obligated to prepare it and to comply with it during construction period.

Preparation of site and establishment of Contractors facilities: this applies to all of the Contractors facilities, storage areas, workshops, labour camps (when needed), concrete batching areas, asphalt plant, etc. The location and development of the Contractors facilities will be approved by the Resident Engineer (RE).

Taking into account the conditions of nature protection, legislation and environmental requirements when choosing a location and organization of the construction site, as well as during the actual construction, it must comply with the following:

- 1. Temporary location for storing the necessary construction and other material and equipment is needed to be located outside the area with tall vegetation and river flooding zones, and limited only to the duration of the works execution:
- 2. Provide temporary or permanent locations (existing regulated utility facilities/landfills) for disposal of service rubble and other waste material in any state, and municipal waste generated during the construction. Restrict storage / disposal in coastal area of smaller watercourses of a temporary nature, as well as on agricultural land;
- 3. Provide after completion of the works that all areas which are in any way degraded by construction works should be as soon as possible remedied;
- 4. During the works execution, strictly observe the planned alignment and corridor around it, in such a way that the earthworks and the use of machines would not leave consequences on the environment;
- 5. When performing the construction works on sections of the road which is next to the river, it should be predicted to maximise preservation of the coastline and coastal vegetation, wild species and their habitats;
- 6. In the zone of transition of the road (bridge) over the watercourses, where the earthworks are necessary, the project/design should foresee the usage of stone and other natural materials and largely avoid concreting of coast and riverbeds surrounding the watercourses;
- 7. Prohibit the servicing of machinery and vehicles along the road. In case of accidental spills of fuel, oils / lubricants and other harmful substances, the surface must be repaired and remedied;
- 8. The respective construction works on the road section which pass through the settlements should be executed only during the day (07.00hrs - 19.00hrs) because of the potential impact of noise from construction equipment and vehicles:
- 9. Protective fences and pedestrian crossings and passages are to be located at designated places where it is most appropriate, especially near existing settlements:
- 10. During construction, along the whole road section maximum level of communal hygiene should be maintained, with predefined locations for containers to be used for temporary storage of waste;
- 11. The size of contractor's facilities are limited to absolute minimum to reduce unnecessary removal of vegetation;
- 12. The contractor's facilities are to be surrounded with an adequate security fence.

- 13. The sites are properly drained. Paved areas, including vehicle parking areas, workshops and fuel storage areas are to be drained to an oil and water separator:
- 14. Sanitary waste and grey waters are treated before release into surface water systems, in accordance with the Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", No. 30/10, 93/12, 101/16).
- 15. Fuel storage areas are not located within 20m of a water course.
- 16. Where fuel in excess of 5,000 litres is stored on site, it will be stored in sealed tanks on a concrete base that is bunded to hold 110% of the tank capacity;
- 17. All workshops would be provided with oil and water separators;
- 18. The contractor must have trained personnel who are competent in fuel handling procedures and for cleaning up accidental spills;
- 19. All waste oil, oil and fuel filters will be collected and disposed of in secure landfill areas. At the closure of the site, all contaminated soil will be excavated, removed and replaced with fresh topsoil;
- 20. Cleared material is to be piled into manageable sized heaps according to disposal or re-use requirements.
- 21. Limit the extent of excavation to reduce soil erosion potential. The contractor will be responsible for ensuring that the erosion is contained by soil conservation protection methods.
- 22. Apply soil conservation protection methodology to susceptible areas to prevent / minimize storm water runoff carrying eroded materials off-site.
- 23. Avoid excavation and operating machinery in wet ground conditions.
- 24. Upon the completion of all works, it is necessary to remove the machinery, construction materials, containers, spare parts and other equipment, as soon as possible:
- 25. After the completion of all works, it is required to cultivate the ground at all vulnerable areas by using the appropriate flora and species that are biologically stable under the given climatic conditions, resistant to adverse impacts (exhaust gases) and compatible with the surrounding area and purpose;

PERS is obliged to check through the engaged consultant for monitoring/supervision whether the requirements of the environmental management plan and management safety organization plan are implemented at the site.

Rehabilitation Phase Mobilisation - Contractor EMP

During the rehabilitation, the Contractor will work according to the requirements of the Contractor's Environmental Plan (CEP) (based on the EMP) which will be prepared by the Contractor and approved by PERS. Supervision and monitoring of the CEP activities will be undertaken as follows:

- I. The contractor has the initial responsibility for preparing and implementing the CEP as per the works contract.
- The Resident Engineer (RE) will direct the Contractor with regard to compliance II. with the CEP.
- III. PERS will carry out independent monitoring of the work and can issue Defect Notices to the RE who will transmit these to the Contractor.

IV. The contractor will have his own representative on site – the Site Engineer (SE) who will be responsible for implementing the contract and complying with the CEP.

Contractor prepares CEP before commencing the work. The Contractor will prepare a Contractor's Environmental Plan (CEP) that addresses the conditions of the rehabilitation in the EMP and include measures to comply with national legalisation and Lender requirements. The CEP will detail how the Contractor will address the activities in the rehabilitation section of the EMP. The contractor will submit the CEP to the PERS for approval.

Following the approval of the CEP, the Contractor together with the person on the Contractor's staff who will be responsible for supervising the CEP will meet the Project Supervision Consultant PSC (Environment) on-site. If the plan is appropriate and implementable, the PSC will advise the PERS that the Contractor can now commence work.

Rehabilitation works

Preparation of site and establishment of contractors facilities: This applies to all of the Contractor's facilities, storage areas, workshops, labour camps (when needed), concrete batching areas, asphalt plant, etc.

The location and development of the Contractor's facilities will be approved by the RE. Locations will be selected so that:

- 1. Do not interfere with the environment and social well-being of the surrounding communities regarding noise, dust. vibration, etc;
- 2. The size of contractor's facilities are limited to absolute minimum to reduce unnecessary removal of vegetation:
- 3. Sanitary waste and waste waters are treated before release into surface water systems, in accordance with the Law on water ("O.Gazette of RS", 30/10, 93/12);
- 4. The sites are properly drained. Paved areas, including vehicle parking areas, workshops and fuel storage areas are to drain to an oil and water separator;
- 5. Fuel storage areas are not located within 20m of a water course. The contractor's facilities are to be contained within an adequate security fence.
- 6. Clearing of sites and removal and disposal of vegetation is minimised:
- 7. Wherever possible limit area to be cleared and avoid excessive machine disturbance of the topsoil;
- 8. Cleared material is to be piled into manageable sized heaps according to disposal or re-use requirements:
- 9. Prevention of soil erosion on construction site: The contractor will be responsible for ensuring that the erosion is contained by soil conservation protection methods.

The contractor will:

- 1. Limit the extent of excavation to reduce soil erosion potential.
- 2. Apply soil conservation protection methodology to susceptible areas to prevent / minimize storm water runoff carrying eroded materials off-site.
- 3. Avoid excavation and operating machinery in wet ground conditions.

- 4. Where fuel in excess of 5,000 litres is stored on site, it will be stored in sealed tanks on a concrete base that is bunded to hold 110% of the tank capacity.
- 5. All workshops would be provided with oil and water separators.
- 6. The contractor must have trained personnel who are competent in fuel handling procedures and for cleaning up accidental spills.
- 7. All waste oil, oil and fuel filters will be collected and disposed of in secure landfill areas. At the closure of the site, all contaminated soil will be excavated. removed and replaced with fresh topsoil.

Environmental Management during Rehabilitation works

Considering all identified impacts, it becomes essential for the Contractor to prepare and later conscientiously implement the EMP throughout the duration of the project to ensure compliance with legislative and Lender requirements.

The emphasis of the EMP shall be on the following:

- 1. Layout of the work camp and details of the proposed measures to address environmental impacts resulting from its installation. Description and layout of equipment maintenance areas and lubricant and fuel storage facilities including distance from water sources/bodies;
- 2. Sewage and septage management plan for provision of sanitary latrines and proper sewage collection and disposal system to prevent pollution of watercourses;
- 3. A plan (grievances mechanism and organizational structure) detailing the means by which local people and other project affected persons (PAP) can raise grievances arising from the rehabilitation process and how these will be addressed (e.g. through dialogues, consultations, etc.) (see Appendix 4 for the Project grievance mechanism);
- 4. Soil Management Plan detailing measures to be undertaken to minimize effects of wind and water erosion on stockpiles, measures to minimize loss of fertility of topsoil, timeframes, haul routes and disposal site;
- 5. Dust management plan which shall include schedule for water spraying on access roads and in nearby settlements along the project road, as well as list of equipment to be used; This applies to all of construction sites and haul roads. During rehabilitation, when dust may be generated, the Contractor will monitor the worksite conditions and apply dust control measures, which include reducing construction traffic movements and spraying water on exposed areas.
- 6. A plan indicating the location of the proposed material extraction site as well as rehabilitation measures to be implemented for the borrow areas and access roads upon project completion;
- 7. Waste and wastewater management plan. Disposal of waste materials: All construction waste materials including drums, lumber, sand and gravel, cement bags etc. are to be suitably disposed of. If these cannot be recovered for scrap value these materials should be taken to approved landfill sites for safe disposal. Hazardous waste will be stored and removed from the construction site on demobilization, in accordance with the Law on Waste management ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 88/10, 14/16) The CEP should cover all aspects of waste management, including implementation of practice standards such as reduce, re-use and recycle. It should specify final disposal alignments for all

waste and demonstrate compliance to national legislation and best practice procedures on waste management. The Waste Management Plan will, as a minimum, include details of temporary waste storage, waste transfer and pretreatment prior to final disposal or recycling. Licensed/approved facilities for solid and liquid waste disposal must be used and a duty of care and chain of custody for all waste leaving the site will be followed. As part of the plan Contractors will be expected to produce waste handling forms for chain of custody, which will be used to control waste leaving site. Thus the waste controller will keep a copy of the form and the driver will always carry a copy and will ensure that the load is signed for at the final disposal site. All records will be kept by the Contractor for audit purposes and to demonstrate that the project is complying with best practice and applicable legislation;

- 8. Oil and fuel storage management plan. The CEP should cover all procedures for storage, transportation and usage of oils and fuels, refuelling of plant and machinery and procedures for minimizing the risk of ground and water contamination. All oils and fuels will be required to be stored within secondary containment of 110 % capacity and all spillages shall be cleaned up immediately. Re-fuelling vehicles will carry Spill Kits to enable spillages to be cleaned up as soon as possible. All categories of spillage will be reported in accordance with the Plan to be developed by The Contractor. Toolbox Talks would be expected to be delivered on an ongoing basis as "continued training" and following any significant incident;
- 9. In-river works management plan. The CEP should cover procedures and plans for safeguarding aquatic habitats and fish during in-river work and will complement the Construction Method Statements;
- 10. Camp management plan. The CEP should contain procedures for establishing and operating construction camps in order to safeguard nearby communities and environmental resources:
- 11. Emergency response plan. The CEP should contain procedures for emergency response in the event of accidents or major incidents, in order to safeguard people, property and environmental resources. Details of the spill response equipment to be provided on site are to be specified;
- 12. Noise all equipment is licenced and approved in accordance with EU standards. This applies to all machinery, vehicles and construction sites where noise and vibration may affect susceptible receptors. The contractor will be responsible for ensuring that noise and vibration does not affect the adjacent communities, in accordance with the Law on noise protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 88/10). While it is unlikely that noise and vibration will be an issue due to the large distances between the activities and the communities the Contractor will confine all work to daylight hours (07.00hrs - 19.00hrs) should the community find that any night time operations become a nuisance;
- 13. Rehabilitation Plan: Clearance and rehabilitation of construction sites and removal of contractor septage facilities: It is Contractor responsibility to address site cleanup. This includes the removal of all waste materials, machinery and any contaminated soil. The contractor will develop a plan for handover, sale or removal of all plant, vehicles and machinery to ensure that no unserviceable items are left on the construction site, in accordance with the Law on Waste management ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 88/10, 14/16). All construction sites and work areas will be rehabilitated so that these can be returned as close as possible to their previous uses. This includes the stabilization and

landscaping of all of the construction sites. No waste will be left on site after the work is completed, in accordance with the Law on environmental protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 135/04, 36/09, 72/09, 43/11, 14/16). Should the Contractor fail to remove the waste, the PERS is entitled to withhold payment and arrange the clean-up and deduct the cost of the clean-up and administrative charges from the final payment.

Safety

Safety and Hazard Assessment:

Before commencing work, the Contractor will be required to identify potential hazards. Provisions for emergency responses are to be included in the Contractor site safety plan which is to include nomination of a person who will be immediately contacted should an accident occur. The site safety plan will be submitted to the PSC for approval one week prior to starting work.

- 1. The contractor will be required to keep the site free of drugs and alcohol;
- 2. The contractor site safety plan will include provision for a safe work environment and provide safety measures and protective equipment to all workers including; hand, head, eye and ear protection and safety footwear:
- 3. The site safety plan will include provision for first aid facilities on-site and employ a trained first aid person, in accordance with the Law on Safety and Health at work ("Official Gazette of RS", 101/05, 91/15);
- 4. The contractor will provide supplies of potable water, toilets and wash water to the workers:
- 5. Safety and Labour Management Plan (SLMP) prepared by the PERS has to ensure H&S provisions during rehabilitation works;
- 6. Contractor is obliged to perform all project activities by respecting SLMP recommendations and all Serbian laws and sub-laws which are covering H&S issues.

The PERS and Contractor together have responsibility for reporting and investigating incidents.

Community safety from increased vehicle movements: This applies to all vehicles and particularly to haul trucks that pass through settlements. The contractor will ensure that all vehicles which pass through villages are operated safely without endangering these communities.

The contractor is to ensure that:

- 1. All trucks and equipment is maintained in a safe operating condition;
- 2. All drivers and machinery operators are trained and act responsibly (to be stipulated in the Contractor site safety plan);
- 3. All loads are secured and all loads with potential dust generating materials (e.g. excavated soil and sand) will be covered with tarpaulins;
- 4. The Contractor will immediately remove any drivers that ignore any of the community safety requirements;
- 5. Speed limits will be observed.

Prior to commencement of construction activities/site works, all of the above plans will be submitted by the Contractor to the Sector for Investments within the PERS for approval.

Following the completion of works a Site restoration will take place. It's Contractor obligation to restore location of the project as it was at beginning of the project.

Operational Phase

People Safety: During operation, according to the assessment performed within the design phase, road safety features will include:

- 1. Measures to slow the traffic; e.g. decreasing of speed at selected places (e.g. settlements, schools, markets, etc.);
- 2. Dust suppression sealing;
- 3. Improvements in road signage and pavement markings, and
- 4. Attention to road accident black spots.

Road Maintenance:

- Routine maintenance (grading, grass cutting, drain clearing, and pothole patching and shoulder repairs, together with regular control and maintenance of drainage structures and retention) will be undertaken on regular basis;
- Seasonal maintenance such as flood repairs, emergency maintenance to reinstate roads after major failures, and the regular upkeep of safety features and road signs will be undertaken as necessary;
- Major maintenance that include resurfacing and repairs are typically scheduled over periods of several years.

B. MONITORING PLAN

A monitoring plan for the proposed Project (Appendix II) has been prepared. The main components of the monitoring plans include:

- Environmental issue to be monitored and the means of verification,
- Specific areas, locations and parameters to be monitored;
- Applicable standards and criteria;
- Monitoring of noise levels near residential areas;
- Monitoring of the procurement of materials (checks that valid permits are in place);
- Duration and frequency and estimated monitoring costs; and
- Institutional responsibilities for monitoring and supervision.

A field monitoring checklist has been prepared based on the EMP and monitoring plan (Appendix II). The field monitoring checklist will be used by the supervising field engineers. The signed checklists will be provided to the PERS who will be responsible for the follow-up and compliance reporting.

The PERS will maintain a Complaints Database, which will contain all the information on complaints or grievances received from the communities or other stakeholders. This would include: the type of complaint, location, time, actions to address these complaints, and final outcome.

INSTITUTIONAL IMPLEMENTATION C. AND REPORTING ARRANGEMENTS

Project Implementation

PERS is the Implementing Agency for the Project and will be responsible for the implementation and compliance with the EMP and Monitoring Plan. Day-to-day implementation and compliance will be the task of PSC.

Prior to the commencement of works PERS will submit to the Bank for its approval this section specific Environmental Management Plan.

The Contractor will provide "Zero monitoring" results prior to commencement of earth works, during its own mobilization phase.

To ensure that the proposed mitigation measures will be carried out by the Contractors during the construction stage, the Project Proponent undertook the following:

- Ι. Clearly set out in the tender and contract documents the Contractor's obligation to prepare CEP and undertake environmental mitigation measures as specified in the Environmental Mitigation Plan in Appendix I (appended to Contract specifications);
- II. No compensation for the costs of the required environmental mitigation measures and monitoring activities in the form of the particular item in the Bill of Quantities (BoQ) shall be given to the Contractor, except for the water quality analysis and noise measurement. The Contractor had to include these costs in the other items of the BoQ. Real expenditures of water quality analysis and noise measurement in scope defined by the Bidding Documents (BD) and the Contract shall be compensated to the Contractor in the form of the particular item in the BoQ:

For noncompliance with requested environmental mitigation measures and monitoring activities the Contractor shall suffer specific liquidated damages in a form of demerit points. Demerit points are provided as a measure that should stimulate the Contractor to carry out his obligations in an organized and timely way and to perform his duty meeting high standards even though those tasks does not appear to be of a serious nature. Demerit points simultaneously have two meanings – numeric and monetary.

Each demerit point has associated monetary value which represents permanent payments reduction for determined noncompliance of the contracted obligations.

Number of received demerit points has a cumulative effect. If during the Contract the Contractor receives more than certain number of demerit points specified in the BDs and the Contract, the Contractor will for a period of 2 years not be allowed to compete for any other PERS works contract.

Also, if the Contractor is awarded over a specified number of demerit points, the Employer has a right to terminate the Contract. Monetary value of each demerit point as well as limits for other possible actions by the Employer is specified in the BDs and the Contract.

Application of explained two measures - compensation for specific costs and penalties for noncompliance - should assure implementation of all requested environmental mitigation measures and monitoring activities:

III. Explicitly require the Contractor to recruit an environmental specialist. The contractor will be responsible for the implementation of environmental mitigation measures during construction and shall employ an environmental specialist who will supervise implementation of the Contractor's environmental responsibilities and coordinate with the PERS and MoT. The contractor, in coordination with PERS, shall set-up a grievance redress committee that will address any complaints during project implementation. During project implementation, the PERS shall monitor the compliance of the Contractor with the EMP provisions. It is proposed that the project supervision consultants (PSC) employ an environment specialist (with civil engineering/environmental management background) to assist the environmental supervision.

Upon Project completion, PERS will be in charge of the operation and maintenance of the Project Road. Routine and random monitoring will be undertaken as scheduled in the monitoring plan.

Contractor will make a proposal for environmental protection, including safety of persons associated with the works and the public, during a pre-construction period within the Environmental Management Plan. This proposal will be reviewed by PERS in order to obtain the "no objection" to the proposal's recommendations. In this regard, attention will be given to:

- Taking all reasonable steps to protect the environment on and off site and avoid damage or nuisance to persons or property arising from its operations,
- Maintaining conditions of safety for all persons entitled to be on site and
- Provision of all lights, guards, fencing, warning signs, traffic control and watching for protection of the works and other property and for the safety and convenience of the public.

During the implementation of this Project, the public has the right to participate either directly or indirectly, which introduces the possibility to present its interests and opinions in the process of decision making. In order to reach the best option during this process, PERS will disclose this EMP document to public, including local municipalities and to all relevant non-government organisations. (See Appendix V). Draft EMP document will be published on PERS web site too (www.putevi-srbije.rs). During the process of public consultations, all relevant information (recommendations, opinions etc.) will be collected from the public, including all environmental issues related to this project. Opinions and suggestions are incorporated within the final version of EMP document.

During rehabilitation works, a public liaison officer, named by the Contractor will establish communication with local residents affected by the project and will be responsible to inform them about all project activities, especially related to environmental impacts of the project and planed mitigation measures.

Reporting Arrangements

Public consultation and presentation of EMP will be held and a report will be accompanied by the EMP.

Contractor will provide quarterly reports to the PERS which will document the environmental mitigation and protection measures, together with prescribed monitoring activities carried out during the reporting period. Contractor will take care on environment quality according to the mitigation and monitoring plan and will report to the PERS.

If any kind of accident or endangerment of environment happens, reporting will be immediate. Contractor will inform the project manager and local authorities about accidents immediately after they happen. If the project manager is not responding to the call, the Contractor will inform PERS about the accident.

A Grievance Mechanism will be implemented to ensure that all complaints from local communities are dealt with appropriately, with corrective actions being implemented, and the complainant being informed of the outcome. It will be applied to all complaints from affected parties. A grievance form is attached in Appendix IV and hard copies will be made available at community centers.

Appendix I **MITIGATION PLAN**

MITIGATION PLAN

Dhace	lanua .	Mitigrating	Respo	nsibility	Comments
Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
PRE- CONSTRUCTION		Main Design phase			
	Design in conflict with EMP	Contractor is obliged to obtain preconditions from Institutions dealing with environmental issues in order to avoid environmental risks during rehabilitation works	Designer	Technical control / PERS	
	Selected location for contractor's site facilities not appropriate	It has to be approved by the PERS. Locations will be selected so that they do not interfere with the environment and social well-being of the surrounding communities (noise, dust. vibration, etc.), limited size of contractor's facilities, reduce unnecessary clearing of vegetation, production of waste. Waste waters will be treated before being released into surface water systems Paved areas, including vehicle parking areas, workshops and fuel storage areas to be equipped with oil and water separator, and fuel storage areas to be located more than 20m from a water course. Avoid excessive machine disturbance of the topsoil. Prevention of soil erosion on construction site. Limit the extent of excavation to reduce soil erosion potential. Avoid excavation and operating machinery in wet ground conditions.	Designer	Technical control / PERS	
	Road safety issues associated with pedestrian crossing	Plan for safe and adequate pedestrian crossing facilities equipped with ramps and structures that allow the use of wheelchairs, pushcarts, bicycles and prams.	Designer	Technical Control / PERS	

Phase	Issue	Mitigating massure	Respo	onsibility	Comments
Filase	issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
CONSTRUCTION		Site Induction			
	Safety on the site	All workers and visitors to site shall pass Health& Safety and Environment training and be instructed in the need and use of Personal protective equipment(PPE).	Contractor H&S and environmental officer	Supervisor	
	Stakeholder engagement	Details of the proposed road works, access points and safety features will be disclosed in the locality of the planned works. Feedback from local stakeholders will be sought and recorded. Evidence of how feedback has been considered in the final design will be recorded.			
	MANAGEMENT PLANS Contractor to prepare the compliance with legislative	following plans as described in the EMP to ensure and Lender requirements.	Contractor	Supervisor/ PERS	
	as rehabilitation me access roads upon	e management, mechanism), Plan, plan, e location of the proposed material extraction site as well easures to be implemented for the borrow areas and project completion, eater management plan in accordance with the Law on t ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 88/10, 14/16), management plan, gement plan,			

Dhasa	Innua		Respo	onsibility	Comments
Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
	 Emergency respons Rehabilitation Plan Safety and Hazard Safety and Labour 				
CONSTRUCTION		Material supply			
	asphalt base dust, fumes, health effects and work safety, ecosystem disturbances	utilization of existing asphalt bases, requirement of official approval or valid operation license	Asphalt plant	Asphalt plant	Supplier from the offer / approved supplier
	Stone quarry dust, fumes, health effects and work safety, ecosystem disturbances	utilization of existing quarries, requirement of official approval or valid operation license	Contractor / Stone quarry	Supervisor	
	sand and gravel excavation sites riverbed and water quality disturbances, ecosystem disturbances	utilization of existing excavation sites or purchase of material from registered producers, requirement of official approval or valid operation license	Contractor / sand and gravel excavation management	Supervisor	
	concrete base dust, fumes, health effects and work safety, ecosystem disturbances	utilization of existing concrete base or purchase of concrete slabs from registered dealers, material should include appropriate quality attestation	Contractor / concrete base managemen t	Supervisor	
CONSTRUCTION		Transport of materials			

Phase	Issue		Respo	onsibility	Comments
rnase	issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
	Asphalt dust, fumes	All trucks are to be covered	Contractor	Supervisor	
	Stone / Dust	Wet / cover truck load	Contractor / truck driver	Supervisor	
	Sand, gravel, dust	Wet or cover truck load	Contractor / truck driver	Supervisor	
	Cement, concrete	Remove fresh concrete that has spilled from the intransit mixers from transport roads within 6 hours	Contractor / truck driver	Supervisor	
	Traffic management noise, vehicle exhaust, road congestion	Respect working hours (preferably 8-16h); use alternative routes to minimize major traffic sites Adequate temporary road signalization	Contractor / Transport manager; Truck operator	Supervisor	
	Chance of Archaeological finds	In case of chance finds Contractor is obliged to stop the works immediately and inform institute for protection of Cultural Monuments and PERS about it	Contractor	Supervisor	
CONSTRUCTION		Construction site			
	Noise effects to local residential blocks, fauna and workers	Limit activities to daily working hours (no works between 8 PM and 7 AM) or conduct them during the cited period, but with consent of the residents and management; Utilization of construction machinery with noise abatement equipment; ensure maximum functionality of machinery by regular (periodic) or extraordinary technical checkups of vehicles and equipment;	Contractor	Supervisor	

Dhasa	laura		Respo	Comments	
Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
	Dust	Implement measures to avoid/minimize dust emissions, wetting /spraying the site, accesses, materials stockpiles and during loading/unloading activities; covering of vehicles carrying dusty materials; wheel washing/spraying of vehicles; speed limit of vehicles, site cleaning	Contractor	Supervisor	
	Vibrations	Limit activities to daily working hours (no works between 8 PM and 7 AM) or conduct them during the cited period, but with consent of the residents and management	Contractor	Supervisor	
	Traffic disruption during construction activity	Traffic management plan with measures to redirect traffic that are easily seen or easy to follow; include traffic police assistance if needed Construction Traffic Management Plan will establish speed limits for construction vehicles and organize traffic to avoid as much as possible populated areas. Local residents will be kept informed of planned works	Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Reduced access to roadside activities	Provide alternative access to roadside activities at all times	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Vehicle and pedestrian safety when there is no construction activity	Lighting and well-defined safety signs and protection measures.	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Water and soil pollution from improper material storage, management and usage	Organize and cover material storage areas; isolate concrete, asphalt and other works from watercourse by using sealed formwork or covers; isolate wash down areas of concrete and asphalt trucks and other equipment from watercourse by selecting areas for	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	

Disco			Respo	nsibility	Comments
Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
		washing that are not free draining directly into watercourse. Operate construction site in a way to reduce the risk of generating sediments and wastewater that may pollute local soils or receiving water bodies (considering situations such as including stormwater runoff, wastewater generated from facilities on site such as wheel washing facility). Soil Management Plan shall be prepared for the controlled removal of top soil, storage and reuse. Prevent sediments flowing into surface waters and drainage channels by localised control measures (eg sediment fences, check dams, mulch barriers, rock groynes, or geofabric barriers, sediment basins), contouring to optimise slope angle and steepness, Prevent wind erosion via fencing, covering, etc.			
	Water and soil pollution from improper disposal of waste materials	Dispose waste material at location protected from washing out, should be marked in the site plan; if not on site, then at authorized landfill / depot	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Water and soil pollution from improper disposal of waste materials	Storage of wastes according to international best practice (IFC EHS General Guidelines). Apply additional measures for storage of hazardous wastes (such as use of secondary containment, access restriction, provision of PPE etc.) as necessary to prevent harm to construction staff, environment and public. Use and labelling of designated waste collection containers and storage areas for different kinds of wastes (hazardous and non-hazardous).	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	

Dhaca	Innua		Respo	nsibility	Comments
Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
	Potential contamination of soil and water from improper maintenance and fuelling of equipment	Apply best engineering practice in safe storage and handling of lubricants, fuel and solvents by secured storage; ensure proper loading of fuel and maintenance of equipment; collect all waste and dispose to permitted waste recovery facility	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Water and soil pollution from improper disposal of waste materials	Transport of waste in marked vehicles designed to the type of waste to minimise the risk of release of materials (hazardous and non-hazardous materials) and windblown debris. Training of drivers in handling and disposal of their cargo and the documentation of the transport describing the nature of the waste and its degree of hazard.	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Workers safety	Provide workers with safety instructions and protective equipment; safe organization of bypassing traffic	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Landscaping	Undertaking of re-vegetation progressively with cover crop and native endemic species and monitor its effectiveness. Where initial plantings were not successful, replacement plantings will be carried out.			

Phase	Issue	Mitigating massure	Respo	nsibility	Comments
Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
OPERATION		Maintenance			
	Noise disturbance to human and animal population and workers	Limit activities to daylight working hours (not between 8 p.m. and 7 a.m. or as agreed with public); equipment operating with noise mufflers	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	To be specified in maintenance contract documents-Technical Specifications for realization of maintenance works
	Possible air, water and soil pollution dust, vehicle exhaust, fuel and lubricants spills	Apply best engineering practice in safe storage and handling of lubricants, fuel and solvents by secured storage; ensure proper loading of fuel and maintenance of equipment; collect all waste and dispose in line with the Law on waste management; organize and cover material storage areas; isolate asphalt from watercourse by using sealed formwork; selecting areas for washing that are not free draining directly or indirectly into watercourses; dispose waste material at location protected from washing out	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	
	Vibrations	Limit activities to daylight working hours (between 8 p.m. and 7 a.m. or as agreed with public and authorities)	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	
	Workers safety	Provide safety measures for the workers along with the appropriate equipment; safe organization through alternative roads and appropriate traffic signalization. All workers and visitors to site shall be given a Health,	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	

Dhaca	Janua		Respo	nsibility	Comments
Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Contractor	Supervision	
		Safety and Environment Induction and instructed on the need to use of PPE.			
	Maintenance	Regularly maintain curbs; mow and maintain the grass and dispose of it in a landfill; regularly clean drainage structures (drains) and dispose of the waste material in a registered landfill; regular cleaning of road surface, filling of holes, binders and cracks; the remains of asphalt originating from works on hole filling should be transported and disposed of in an appropriate landfill for construction materials; conduct regular and timely interventions of cleaning road surface and surrounding road structures in case of a traffic accident or tanker and other trucks overturning; conduct repairs	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	
	Increased vehicle speed	Install traffic signs for speed limit	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	To be specified in TS for maintenance works
	Possible air, water and soil pollution dust, vehicle exhaust, fuel and lubricants spills	Ensure proper handling of lubricants, fuel and solvents by secured storage; ensure proper loading of fuel and maintenance of equipment; collect all waste and properly dispose; properly organize and cover material storage areas; isolate asphalt from watercourse by using sealed formwork; selecting areas for washing that are not free draining directly or indirectly into watercourse; dispose waste material at appropriate location protected from washing out	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	

Phase Issu		Mitigating measure	Respo	Comments	
	issue		Contractor	Supervision	
	Erosion, rock fall, hazardous conditions	install warning signs (rock fall, landslide, wet or slippery conditions, dangerous curve, animal or pedestrian crossing, school, slow moving vehicles, merge), reflective markers to indicate steep edge or convex mirrors to see oncoming traffic at blind curves; locate warnings at points considered necessary by good engineering practice, or as agreed in writing with public and authorities	Road maintenance company	Road maintenance company	

Appendix II **MONITORING PLAN**

MONITORING PLAN

	What is the parameter to be	Where the parameter should be	How the parameter should be monitored?/	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of	Why the parameter should be monitored?	Institutional responsibility
	monitored?	monitored?	type of monitoring equipment	measurement or continuous)	(optional)	Operate
CONSTRUCTION			Material supply			
Asphalt plant	Possession of official approval or valid operating license	Asphalt plant	Inspection / supervising engineer	Before work begins	- Assure compliance	Plant Operator
Stone quarry	Possession of official approval or valid operating license	Stone quarry	Inspection / supervising engineer	Before work begins	with environment, health and safety requirements	Quarry Operator
Sand and gravel borrow pit	Possession of official approval or valid operating license	Sand and gravel borrow pit or separation	Inspection / supervising engineer	Before work begins		Borrow pit or Separation Operator
CONSTRUCTION			Material transpor	t		
Asphalt	Truck load covered	Job site	Supervising engineer	Unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week	Assure compliance of performance with environment, health	Supervision Contractor

Phase	What is the parameter to	Where the parameter	How the parameter should be monitored?/	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of	Why the parameter should be monitored?	Institutional responsibility
1 11400	be monitored?	should be monitored?	type of monitoring equipment	measurement or continuous)	(optional)	Operate
Stone	truck load covered or wetted	Job site	Supervising engineer	Unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week	and safety requirements and enable as	Supervision Contractor
Sand and gravel	truck load covered or wetted	Job site	Supervision	Unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week	As little as possible disruption to traffic	Supervisor/ Contractor
Traffic management	hours and routes selected	Job site	Supervision	Unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week		Supervisor / Contractor
CONSTRUCTION			Construction Site)		
Noise disturbance to workers and neighboring population	Noise levels	Job site; nearest homes of settlements along the site	Equipment – hand- held analyser with application software	Once at the beginning of the project, on half basis, and on complaint. If the results of monitoring are not satisfactory, monitoring should be conducted on monthly basis	Assure compliance of performance with environment	Contractor
Water and soil pollution from improper material storage, management and usage	Water and soil quality (suspended solids, oils, pH value, conductivity)	Watercourses	Unannounced sampling; analysis at accredited laboratory with necessary equipment	Monitoring should be done prior construction (on a referent point upstream of construction site) and once during rehabilitation works. If the results of monitoring are not satisfactory, monitoring should be repeated on monthly basis till the completion of works on the location	Assure compliance of performance with environment	Contractor

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored?	Institutional responsibility
					(optional)	Operate
Dust	Air pollution (solid particles)	At and near job site	Inspection and visual observation	Unannounced inspections during material delivery and construction	Health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision / Contractor
Vibrations	Limited time of activities	Job site	Supervision	Unannounced inspections during work and on complaint		Supervision Contractor
Traffic disruption during construction activity	Existence of traffic management plan; traffic patterns	At and near job site	Inspection; observation	Before works start; once per week at peak and non-peak periods		Supervision Contractor
Reduced access to roadside activities	Provided alternative access	Job site	Supervision	Random checks at least once per week during construction activities		Supervision Contractor
Vehicle and pedestrian safety when there is no construction activity	Visibility and appropriateness	At and near job site	observation	Random checks at least once per week in the evening		Supervision Contractor
Workers safety	protective equipment; organization of bypassing traffic	Job site	inspection	Unannounced inspections during work.		Supervision Contractor

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored?	Institutional responsibility
					(optional)	Operate
OPERATION			Maintenance			
Noise disturbance to human population and workers	Noise levels	Job site; nearest homes	Equipment – hand- held analyser with application software	Unannounced inspections during maintenance activities and on complaint	Assure compliance of performance with environment, health and safety requirements	PERS
Vibrations	Limited time of activities	Job site	Supervision	Unannounced inspections during maintenance activities and on complaint		PERS
Workers safety	protective equipment; organization of bypassing traffic	Job site	Inspection	Unannounced inspections during maintenance activities and on complaint		PERS
OPERATION			Road Safety			
Increased vehicle speed	Condition of traffic signs; vehicle speed	Road section included in project	Visual observation; speed detectors	During maintenance activities; unannounced	Enable safe and economical traffic flow	Maintenance Contractor; Traffic Police
Erosion, rock fall, hazardous conditions	Road section included in project	Condition of hazard signs	Visual observation	During maintenance activities		Maintenance Contractor

Proposed Template - additional data that should be incorporated into monitoring plans:

1. General		
Is the project materially compliant with all relevant Performance Requirements (taking account of agreed action plans, exemptions or derogations)?	Yes □ No □	If no, please provide details of any material non-compliances:
Is the project materially compliant with all applicable environmental and social laws and regulations?	Yes □ No □	If no, please provide details of any material non-compliances:
Have there been any accidents or incidents that have caused damage to the environment, brought about injuries or fatalities, affected project labour or local communities, affected cultural property, or created liabilities for the company?	Yes □ No □	If yes, please describe, including details of actions to repair and prevent reoccurrence:
Have there been any changes to environment, social, labour or health and safety laws or regulations that have materially affected the company?	Yes □ No □	If yes, please describe:
How many inspections did you receive from the environmental authorities during the reporting period?	Number:	Please provide details of these visits, including number and nature of any violations found:
How many inspections did you receive from the health and safety authorities during the reporting period?	Number:	Please provide details of these visits, including number and nature of any violations found:
How many inspections did you receive from the labour authorities during the reporting period?	Number:	Please provide details of these visits, including number and nature of any violations found:
Have these visits resulted in any penalties, fines and/or corrective action plans?	Yes □ No □	If yes, please describe, including status of implementing corrective actions to address any violations found:

Has the Company engaged any contractors for project-related work in the reporting period?	Yes □ No □	If yes, please state for which types of work, and how the company has monitored the compliance of contractors with Performance Requirements and the Environmental and Social Action Plan:			
Were any of the violations stated above the responsibility of contractors?	Yes □ No □	If yes, please provide details, including how the Company is ensuring that corrective actions are implemented by the Contractor?			
Have any operations been reduced, temporarily suspended or closed down due to environmental, health, safety or labour reasons?	Yes □ No □	If yes, please describe:			
Please describe any environment or social programmes, initiatives or sub-projects undertaking during the reporting period to improve the company's environmental or social performance and/or management systems:					
Please indicate the level of associated expenditure (capital expenditure and operating expenditure), and whether this relates to the requirements of the Environmental and Social Action Plan, or to any other initiative:					

Appendix III **LEGISLATION**

REGULATION AND REQUIREMENTS

This section sets out the regulatory context regarding consultation and public disclosure in Serbia as it relates to this Project. Specific reference is made to relevant Serbian legislation, regional regulatory instruments, and relevant EBRD requirements, the World Bank Policy on Access to Information and WB OP 4.01 Environmental Assessment.

In the juridical system of the Republic of Serbia, the Environmental Impact Assessment procedure is regulated by the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/04, 36/09), which is completely in line with European EIA Directive (85/337/EEC, 97/11/EC, 2003/35/EC and COM 2009/378).

The main laws and regulations currently in force in Republic of Serbia which are relevant to the environmental protection during planning, design, construction and operating of this Project are listed below:

- 1. Law on planning and construction ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 72/2009, 81/2009.64/2010, 24/2011, 42/2013, 145/2014),
- 2. Law on nature protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 88/10, 91/10, 14/16),
- 3. Law on environmental protection ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/04, 36/09, 72/09, 43/11, 14/16),
- 4. Law on EIA ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/2004, 36/2009),
- 5. Law on Strategic EIA ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/2004),
- 6. Law on waste management ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 88/10, 14/16),
- 7. Law on noise protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 88/10),
- 8. Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", 30/10, 93/12),
- 9. Law on forest ("Official Gazette of RS", 30/10, 93/12, 89/15),
- 10. Law on air protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 10/13),
- 11. Law on Safety and Health at Work ("Official Gazette of RS", 101/05, 91/15),
- 12. Agricultural Land Law, ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 62/06, 65/08, 41/09, 112/2015).

Regulations established on the basis of the Law on EIA include the following:

- 1. Decree on establishing the List of Projects for which the Impact Assessment is mandatory and the List of projects for which the EIA can be requested ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 114/08),
- 2. Rulebook on the contents of requests for the necessity of Impact Assessment and on the contents of requests for specification of scope and contents of the EIA Study ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 69/05).

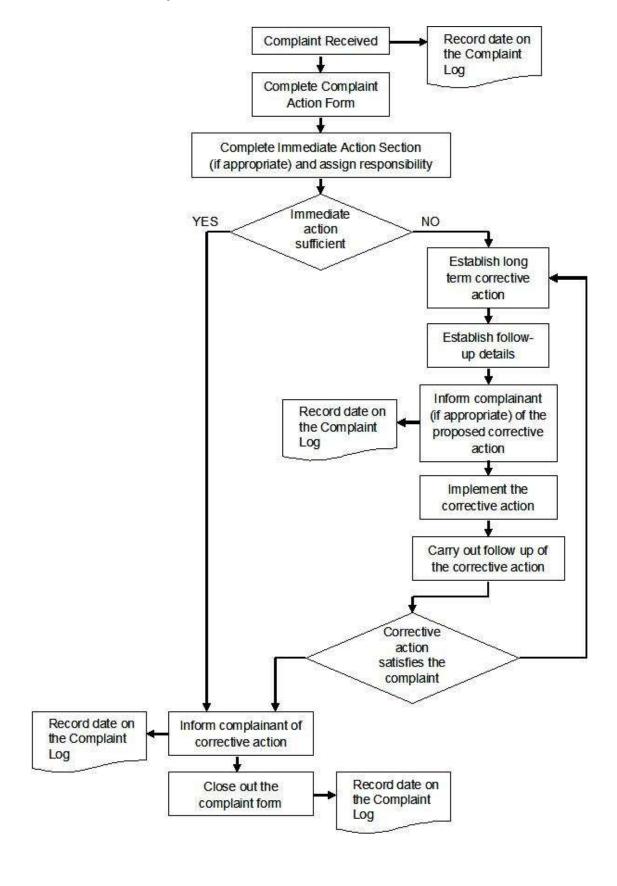
Other relevant Serbian legislation

- 1. Law on confirmation of convention on information disclosure, public involvement in process of decision making and legal protection in the environmental area ("Official Gazette of RS", 38/09),
- 2. Law on public roads ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 101/2005, 123/07).

Appendix IV **GRIEVANCE MECHANISM**

Grievance mechanism and form

Flowchart of Complaints/Grievance Procedure



Grievance Reference Number (to be filled with number):							
Contact Details	Name:						
		Address:					
		Tel:					
		e-mail:					
How would you prefer	to be	By post	By phone	Ву є	e-mail		
contacted? Please tick box							
Name and the identific	cation i	information (from	identity card).				
Details of your grievar	ce. Ple	ease describe the	problems, who it	happe	ened to, when,		
where and how many times, as relevant							
What is your suggeste	ed resc	olution for the grie	vance?				
How to submit this	Ву Ро	ost to: [tbc]					
form to /[name of	By ha	and: please drop t	his form at [tbc]				
concessionaire]	Ву є	By e-mail: Please email your grievance, suggested					
	resolution and preferred contact details to: [tbc]				oc]		
Signature			D	ate			

Appendix V

DECISIONS OF COMPETENT INSTITUTIONS

Appendix 5 - Annex 1

to 1/38-00/3

TEXPATYJEBAR

CARLLES A TABLETT CO. H.

Завод за заштиту споменика културс Крагујевац, на основу члана 27, 99 гехава. тачка 1, 100. став 1. и 104. Закона о културним добрвма ("Сл. Гл. РС. "бр. 71/94) и члана 131. Закона о општем управном поступку ("Сл. Лист СРЈ" бр. 33/97), а на захтев предузећа Јавно Предузеће "ПУТЕВИ СРБИЈЕ", Булевар краља Александра 282, 11050 Београд 22, Сектор за швестиције, Влајковићева 19а, Београд, 43 бр.438-02/дана 11.04.2017.год, допосн

РЕШЕЊЕ

11 2/1 927 8 + 26 63 -05- 207

I Услови и мере техничке заштите, за израду техничке документације пројекта Појачаног одржавања деогище државног пута 1Б реда бр.27 (стара озпака: магистрални пут М-4), деоница Марковац – Свидајнац, могу се предузети на основу следећих услова:

- Дозвољава се израда техничке документације, Главин пројекат, којям се предвиђају радови ојачања постојеће коловозне конструкције у постојећим габаритима, уз обавезно поштовање члана 109 Закона о културтим добрима (Сл. гласник РС бр. 71/94) који гласн: "Ако се у току извођења радова наиђе на археолошка налазишта или археолошке предмете, извођач радова је дужан да одмих, без одлагања, прекине радове и обавести нидлежап Завод за заштиту споменика културе и да предузме мере да се налаз не уништи и не оштети и да се сачува на месту и у положају у коме је откривен"
- Пројекат и документација морају бити израђени у свему у складу са издатим условима из тачке I овог решења.
- III. По изради пројекта и документације у складу са овим условима, подносилац захтева је дужан да на исте прибави сагласност Завода за заштиту споменика културе у Крагујевлу.
- IV. Ово решење не ослобађа подносноца захтева обавсзе прибављања и других услова, дозвола и сагласности предвиђених прописима о планирању и урсђењу простора и насеља и изградњи објеката.
- Ово решење важи годину дапа од дана издавања.
- VI. Жалба не одлаже извршење овог решења.

Образложење

Дана 03.04.2017. год. Заводу за заштиту споменика културе Крагујевац достављен је захтев предузећа Јавно Предузеће "ПУТЕВИ СРБИЈЕ", Булсвар краља Александра 282, 11050 Београд 22, Сектор за инвестиције, Влајковићева 19а, Београд. Захтевом се траже услови потребни за израду техничке документације, Главни пројекат, који обухвата радове ојачања постојеће коловозне конструкције, (па појединим местима до дубиње 50-60 цм од постојећег коловоза), у постојећим габаритима коловозне конструкције са постојећим и санираним системом одводнавања.

Почетак деонице је код некључења са Ауто пута E-75, 200m, од наплатне рампе код петље Марковац, а крај деонице је код пружног предаза на уласдку у Свилајнац.

Након изласка на терен и увида у постојећу документацију утврдили смо да у оквиру планираног захвата и у непосредној околини нема утврђених споменика културе, добара која уживају претходну заштиту и регистрованих археолошких локалитета, на основу чега су утврђени услови за извођење мера техничке заштите и других радова из диспозитива овог решења.

ПРАВНА ПОРУКА: Против овог решена дозвољена је жалба Републичком заводу за заштиту споменика културе, Београд у року од 15 дана од дана његовог достављања. Жалба не задржава извршење овог решења.

Обрадили:

Александра Стефаповић, дипл. ист. уметности

Спежана Станковаћ, дипл.инж.арх (Диогия)

Славица Ъорђовић, дипл.археолог 🦢

Јелена Муњић, дипл.етнолог – антроцолог 1

Предраг Вукашиновић, дипл. прав. 📝 🖟

ДИРЕКТОР Марко Грковић

ДОСТАВИТИ

- -Подносноцу захтева
- -архиви завода
- -доспјеу

Appendix 5 - Annex 2

РЕПУБЛИКА СРБИЈА ЗАВОД ЗА ЗАШТИТУ ПРИРОДЕ СРБИЈЕ

03 Број: 020-730 /3 Датум: 24-04-2007 НОВИ БВОГРАД, Др Ивана Рибара бр. 91

Ten: 4381 11/2093-802; 2093-803

Факс: + 381 11/2093-867



Завод за заштиту природе Србије, на основу члана 9. Закона о заштити природе ("Службени гласник РС", бр. 36/2009, 88/2010, 91/2010-исправка и 14/2016) и члана 192. став 1. Закона о општем управном поступку ("Службени лист СРЈ", бр. 33/1997 и 31/2001 и "Службени гласник РС", бр. 30/2010), поступајући по захтеву Јавног предузећа "Путеви Србије" за издавање услова заштите природе за израду техничке документације пројекта Појачаног одржавања деонице државног пута 1Б реда бр. 27 (стара ознака: магистрални пут М-4), деоница Марковац - Свилајнац, допоси

РЕШЕЊЕ

- 1. Предметно подручје (траса пута) не налази се у оквиру заштићеног подручја за које је спроведен или покренут поступак заштите, нити у оквиру евидентираног природног добра. Предметно подручје делом пресена подручје еколошке мреже Републике Србије, еколошки коридор од међународног значаја река Велика Морава. Сходно томе, издају се следећи услови заштите природе:
 - 1) Пројектом дефинисати решења и мерс која ће обезбедити услове за очување ваздуха, земљишта, подземних и површинских вода, посебно реке Велика Морава, преко које прелази друмско-железнички мост;
 - 2) Пројектом дефинисати и обезбедити следеће:
 - очувати обалски појас, односно забрани уништанање приобалне вегетације, парушавање дивљих врста и њихових станишта,
 - забранити одлагање/депоновање било каквог отпада, посебно грађевинског у обалском нојасу и самом кориту реке,
 - припремене локације за складиштење потребног грађевинског и другог материјала и опреме, које је пеопходно планирати ван обядског појаса реке Велика Морава (плавне зоне), као и простора са високом вегетацијом, и ограничити их искључиво на време трајања радова,
 - привремене или трајне локације (постојеће уређене комупалне објекте/депоније) за одлагање и депоновање шута и другог отпада укључујући и комунални настао у току извођења радова,
 - након завршетка предметних радова све површине које су на било који начин деградиране грађевинским и другим радовима, што пре санирати,
 - строго се придржавати трасе и коридора пута како се при манипулацији возилима и машинама не би оставиле последице на шири простор,
 - користити постојећу путну мрежу без изградње нових путева, у циљу спречавања фрагментације простора и постојских станишта;
 - Предвидети све неопходне антнерозноне мере због заштите од клизишта, одрона

- Предвидети заштититу и очување високог зеленила и вреднијих примерака дендрофлоре (појединачна стабла, као и групе стабала) дуж деонице пута, који су значајни са еколошког и пејзажно-архитектонског становишта;
- 5) Уколико је неопходно уређење у зони предаза пута (моста) преко реке Велика Морава, предвидети употребу камена и других природних материјала, и у највећој могућој мери избећи бетонирање обаза и корита водотока (применити натурално уређење водотока), при чему је неопходно максимално очување корита и обала са постојећом вегетацијом;
- Предузети мере заштите становништва од удеса примсном заштитних ограда и пешачких предаза и пролаза на местима где је то најцелисходније, нарочито на локацијама у близини постојећих насеља;
- Планирати пејзажно обликовање путног предсла (ивица пута) на слободины просторима дуж пута, који ће поред визуелно сететског допринети заштити пута (ветрозаштита, снегозаштитни појас);
- Предвидети да се током извођења радова дуж целе трасс одржавати максимални шво комуналне хигијене;
- Забрањено је сервисирање возила и машина дуж трасе и коридора пута. Уколико дође до хаваријског изливања горива, уља/мазива и других штетних материја обавезна је санација површине и враћање у првобитно стање;
- По изведеним радовима неопходно је што пре уклонити сву механизацију, грађевински материјал и друго;
- Планирати радове на уређењу путног појаса са аспскта заштите животне средине, карактера саобраћаја и могућности одржавања пројсктованог зеленила;
- 12) Облик и карактер пејзажних интервенција на траси пута ускладити са техничким захтевима пута. У том слислу дефицисати примену зеленила у циљу испуњавања безбедносних, грађевниско-техничких, мелиоративних, пејзажно естетских и биолошко еколошких задатака;
- Планирање озелењавање дуж трасе пута планирати у складу са Конвенцијом о биолошкој разноврености, према којој је неопходно избегавати инвазивне врсте;
- 14) Уколико се током радова наиђе на геолошко-палеонтолошка документа или минералошко-петролошке објекте, за које се предпоставља да имају својетво природног добра, извођач радова је дужан да у року од осам дана обавести министарство надлежно за послове заштите животне средине, као и да предузме све мере заштите од уништења, оштећења или крађе до доласка овлашћеног лица.
- Ово Решење не ослобађа подносиона захтева да прибави и друге услове, дозволе и сагласности предвиђене позитивним прописима.
- За све измене Пројекта, потребно је Заводу за заштиту природе Србије подисти пови захтев.
- Уколико подносилац захтева у року од две године од дана достављања овог Решења не отпочне радове и активности за које је ово Решење о условима заштите природе издато, дужан је да Заводу поднесе нови захтев за издавање услова заштите природе.
- Такса за издавање овог Решења у изпосу од 30.000,00 динара одређена је у складу са чланом 2. став 5. тачка 1. Правилника о висини и начину обрачуна и нашкате таксе за издавање акта о условима заштите ("Службени гласник РС", бр. 73/2011, 106/2013).

Образложенье

Јавно предузеће "Путеви Србије", Сектор за инвестиције, 11000 Београд, Влајковићева бр. 19а, обратно се дописом II бр. 953-5911 од 23.03.2017. године, са захтовом за издавање услова заштите природе за израду техничке документације пројекта Појачаног одржавања деонице државног пута IБ реда бр. 27 (стара ознака: магистрални пут М-4), деоница Марковац - Свилајнац.

Па основу достављеног захтева и пратеће документације, утврђено је да је планирана израда техничке документације у виду Главног пројекта појачаног одржавања којим се обсабеђује повећање употребне вредности и трајности пута, упапређење безбедности евобраћаја, укључење захтева локалне заједнице (социјални аспект) и поштовање захтева заштите животне ередине у максималној могућој мери. Предметни Пројекат је саставни део Пројекта рехабилитације путева и унапређења безбедности саобраћаја на мрожи државних путсва Републике Србије, и подразумева грађевинске - путарске радове у оквиру трасе од искључења са ауто - пута Е-75, 200 m од наплатне рампе код пстье Марковац, до краја деонице код пружног предаза на уласку у Свилајнац. Врсте радова, технички услови и начин извођења радова регулисани су одредбама Закона о јавним путевима ("Службени гласник РС", бр. 101/05, 123/07, 93/12 и 104/13).

Увидом у Централни регистар заштићених природних добара и документацију Завода за заштиту природе Србије, а у складу са прописама који регулишу област заштите природе, утврђени су услови заштите природе из диспозитива овог Решења. При томе се имало у виду да се предметно подручје (траса пута) не налази у оквиру заштићеног подручја за које је спроведен или покренут поступак заштите. Траса пута, односно друмско-железнички мост делом пресеца подручје еколошке мреже Републике Србије, еколошки коридор од међународног значаја река Велика Морава.

Према Конвенцији о биолошкој разноврсности ("Службени лист СРЈ" - Међународни уговори", бр. 11/2001), неопходно је спречити ширење, а по потреби предузети мере за уништавање инвазивних врста. Њихово спонтано ширење не само да угрожава природну вегетацију, него знатно повећава и трошкове одржавања зелених површина. На пашим подручјима, инвазивним се сматрају следеће врсте: јасенолики јавор (Acer negundo), кисело дрво (Ailanthus altissima), багремац (Amorpha fruticosa), западни копривић (Celtis occidentalis), пенсиявански длакави јасен (Fraxbus pennsylvanica), гледичија (Gleditsia triacanthos), жива ограда (Lycium halimifolium), петолисни бршљан (Porthenocissus inserto), касна сремза (Prious serotina), јапанска фалопа (Faloppa Japonica), багрем (Robinia pseudoacacia).

Законски основ за доношење решења је Закон о заштити природе ("Службени гласник РС", бр. 36/2009, 88/2010, 91/2010-исправка и 14/2016); Уредба о еколошкој мрежи ("Службени гласник РС", бр. 102/2010).

Предметни радови могу се ревлизовати под условима дефинисаним овим Решењем, јер је процењено да неће угрозити природне вредности предметног подручја.

На основу света наведеног, одлучено је као у диспозитиву овог Решења.

Подносилац захтева је ослобођен од плаћања таксе у складу са чланом 18. Закона о републичким административним таксама ("Службени гласник РС", бр. 43/2003, 51/2003, 61/2005, 5/2009, 54/2009, 50/2011, 93/2012, 57/2014 к 45/2015).

Упутство о правном средству: Против овог Решења може се изјавити жалба министарству надлежном за послове заштите животне средине у року од 15 дана од дана пријема решења. Жалба се предаје Заводу за заштиту природе Србије.

Достављено:

- Подносиону зихтева
- Архина х 2

Appendix 5 - Annex 3



0 3 -04- 2017

Републички завод за заштиту споменика културе - Београд Institute for the Protection of Cultural Monuments of Sechia - Belgrade

Радослава Грујића 11 Radoslava Grujića 11
11118 Београд 11118 Belgrade
Србаја Serbia
Тел. (011) 24 54 786 Pinone +381 11 24 54 786
Факс (011) 34 41 430 Pinx +381 11 34 41 430 e-mail: office@beritage.gov.rs

3 3 -01- 707 Датум / Date: Spoj / Ref. Ulay mh/mh

ЈАВНО ПРЕДУЗЕЋЕ "ПУТЕВИ СРБИЈЕ"

Сектор за инвестиције

Госпођа Гордана Суботички Ђорђевић, извршни директор за инвестиције

БЕОГРАД Влајковићева 19а

Предмет: Деонице државног пута 16 реда бр. 27 и IIA реда 160

Поштована госпођо Ђорђевић,

Вашим дописима бр. 953-5909 и 953-5919 од 23. марта 2017. доставили ете захтеве за издавање услова за израду техничке документације пројеката Појачаног одржавања деоница државног пута IБ реда бр. 27 Марковац Свилајнац и IIA реда 160 Свилајнац Медвеђа (Деспотовац).

Обавсштавамо вас да се на наведеним деоницама не налазе културна добра од изузстног значаја и тиме овај захтев пије у надлежности Републичког завода за заштиту споменика културе - Београд, а допис прослеђујемо Заводу за заштиту споменика културе Крагујевац на даљи поступак. С поштовањем,

Обройници

Маја Ђорђевић, врхеолог

Mangapeaunit

Доставити:

- Наслову,

- Завод за звшти у скоменика културе Крагујевац

Прилог 5 - Анекс 4



Република Србија МИНИСТАРСТВО ЗАШТИТЕ ЖИВОТНЕ СРЕДИНЕ

Број: 011-00-0102/2017-02 Датум: 03.08.2017. Београд

> "Сапутник – М" д.о.о. Сомбор -Меридијаниројект -Огранак Нови Сад

> > Ул. Светог Ђорђа 6 25000 Сомбор

Предмет: Допис у вези са захтевом за давање мишљења

Министарству заштите животне средине обратили сте се Захтевом за давање мишљења о потреби покретања процедуре у складу са Законом о процени утицаја животну средину ("Сл.гласник РС", бр. 135/04, 36/09) за пројекат појачвиот одржавања државног пута IB реда бр. 27 (стара ознака пута М-4)) деоница: Марковац — Свилајнац, дужина 6.208 км, стационажа: км 189+753 — км195+961, заведен под бројем 011-00-0102/2017-02 од 31.07.2017 године.

У допису наводите да је предметии пројекат обухваћен и интеградним "Пројектом Рехабилитације путева и безбедности саобраћаја ("Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project — RRSP"), који се финансира из међународног кредита. Пројекат подразумева грађевинско — путарске радове у оклиру трасе већ постојећег пута. Предметна деоница припада Поморавском управном округу яоцираном у средишњем делу Републике Србије. Предметна деоница представља део саобраћајне везе између граничног предаза Трбушница (државна граница са БиХ) са источном Србијом, при чему предметна деоница повезује општину Свилајнац са аутопутем Е-75.

Планирано је да се Главним пројектом за појачвно одржавање путева обсабеди: повећање употребне вредности пута, трајност пута, побољивање безбедности саобраћаја, укључивање захтева докалне заједнице и усаглашеност са захтевима запичте животне средные у највећој могућој мери под датим условима просторног ограничења и ограничења који произилазе из типа дозвољених грађевинских и саобраћајних интервенција.

Сва решења придиком израде пројектие документације — Главни пројекат за појачано одржавање пута, морају бити у оквиру постојећег путног појаса (укупна ширина коловоза је 6.5 м), без експропијације нових површина земљинита. За рехабилитацију предметне свобраћајнице употребили би се уобичајени грађевински материјали за ову врсту радова (агрегат, цемент, бетонско гвожђе, итд.). Побољшање предметне деонице захтева коришћење енергсната, укључујући електричну енергију и течна горнва. Радови ће обухватити постојећу коловозну конструкцију, у постојећем путном профилу, са постојећим и санираним системом одводњавања уз пројектовање свих елемената који продужавају трајност радова и унапређују систем безбедности саобраћаја.

На предметној деоници нема евидентираних станишта нити заштићених биљних и животињских врста. Такође нема регистрованих рекреативних центара. У току извођења радова неће се произвести никакви материјали који загађују животну средину и који би могли доспети у земљиште и подземне воде.

Грађевинске машине ће током радова производити буку повишеног нивоа али се тај утинај сматра привременим и неће представљати трајну сметњу за становништво у окружењу. Потенцијално загађење ваздуха ће се огледати у појави прашине током извођења радова и транспорта материјала као и кроз привремено загађење ваздуха услед рада мотора грађевинских машина

Уз Захтев је приложена и додатна документација:

- Закон о јавним путевима ("Сл. гласник РС" 101/2005), којим су дефинисане врсте радова, технички услови и начин извођења радова;
- Кратак опис пројекта;
- Решење о условима заштите природе бр. 020-730/3 од 21.04.2017, које је издво Завод за заштиту природе
- Решење бр. 438-08/3 од 24.04.2017. које је издао Завод за заштиту споменика културе у Крагујевцу;
- Графички прилог прегледна карта;

На освову увида у захтев обавештавамо вас о следећем:

- У складу св члановима 3. и 4. Закона о процени утицаја животну средину ("Сл.гласник РС", бр. 135/04, 36/09). предмет процене утицаја на животну средину су пројекти који се планирају и изводе, промене технологије, реконструкције, проширење капацитета који могу имати значајан утицај на животну средину, а притом су садржани у Уредби о утврђивању Листе пројеката за које је обавезиа процена утицаја и Листе пројеката за које се може захтевати процена утинаја на животну средину («Службени гласник РС», бр.114/08).
- Пројекат појачаног одржавања пута не представља предмет процене утицаја на животну средину и није сврстан у Листама пројеката из поменуте Уредбе, на сагласно томе носилан пројекта није у обавези да отпочне процедуру процене утицаја на животну средину у складу са чланом 8. Закона о процени утицаја на животну средину.
- Носилац пројекта је обавези да се приликом извођења радова на појачаном одржавању предметне саобраћајнице у потпуности придржава услова и мера заштите животне средине из 1) Решења о условима заштите природе и заштите животне средине бр. 020-730/3 од 21.04.2017 које је издво Завод за заштиту природе Србије, и 2) Решења са условима и мерама заштите непокретних културних добара бр. 438-08/3 од 24.04.2017. године које је издао Завод за заштиту споменика културе у Крагујевцу.

ПОМОНЬНІК МИНИСТРА по решењу о овлашћењу бр. 021-01-572/2017-01 09 26.97.2017

730 Александар Весић

Доставити:

- Наслову
- Архиви